Constitutional Debates Quoted from to Show the Intention of Its Provisions -An Exhaustive Reply to Criti-cisms of His Recent Message on Taxation.

signs of this Remean Processing.

on Statistics.

On The Distor of the 6th State Journal Company of the Company

and, asstated by him, was intended to be the construction of the convention, and it was acquiesced in by every member of the convention. In view of this record, whatever may be claimed as to what was the effect and intention of the Constitution as to bonds that had already been issued and exempted from taxation, it was clearly intended that all bonds thereafter to be issued should be taxed. But the reader of this record will discover some other important facts bearing upon this question. He will find that it was stated in the debates by Mr. Groesbook and others equally able and distinguished, and equally careful to make only accurate statements, that an examination of the acveral statutes under which the bonds then in existence had been issued, disclosed the fact that only two statutes author which the bonds then in existence had been issued, disclosed the fact that only two statutes authorising such bonds provided for their exemption from taxation, and they were the statutes of 1825 and 1829. At page 231, rol. 2 of these debates, will be found a statement dated February 15, 1815, by John Brough, Auditor of State, from which it appears that the bonds maturing in 1826 were all of them issued during the years 1836-37-38-30-40.

All the other bonds that were issued in 1839

John Strough, Auditor of State, from which it appears that the bonds maturing in 1858 of having rearranged that the bonds maturing in 1858 of having teer burdens. Of the necessary in 1868 of 1858-56. Here is used during the years and the control of the color of the necessary in 1868 of 1859-56. Here is used the color of the colo

impossible to a such assess bond, even though the Legislature might choose and try to do so.

Mr. Noble has also called attention to the sat of 1854, under which the bonds he speaks for were issued, and calms that the issuing of those bonds was simply in the unture of a renewal of the pre-existing debt, and consonds that because the original evidences of shift debt were exempt from taxation so must be these new securities. The statute brars on its face conclusive evidences that ne such transaction as a renewal was intended. Its provision is that the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund shall issue certificates and sell them in the markets, and that the proceeds shall be apple of as follows: "Soc. It The mobiles arising from the sale of the certificates authorized by this socially be appled by the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund to the redemption of the certificates of the funded debt of the State," ato, and socion is appropriates from the proceeds as follows: First, for the pur meant of interest out the debt of the State, as accord, for the pursuest of interest on school and trust runsis third, "for the pursuest of the funded the follows: the process of the funded appropriation are made, so that the very language of the special contact on so that the very language of the special accordance or the special contact on the terminal and not the exchange or renewal of budds or the con-

tinuance of the old debt. It is also claimed that netwits tanding the statutes, except those of 1855 and 1850, did not expressly excempt the bonds issued before 1850 from taxation, yet all the certificates that had been issued up to that time had written upon their face "exempt from taxation." If so, we have another evidence that the bonds issued in 1856 were to be subject to taxation in the fact that this exemption from taxation was eliminated from the bonds then issued.

In view of what has been stated as to the action of the constitutional convention and the view they took of the matter of taxing State bonds and securities, it is evident that "the framers of the Constitution of 1851 did not have common sense," according to General Beatty, and that it must be admitted "that they were a lot of demacogical fools who were better fitted for an imbecile asylum than a constitutional convention." But, however that may be, it does not affect the question of what the constitutional convention did mean and did provide.

Bo far as the "thrusting aside of the law as a dead letter" is concerned, it is only too true that such has been largely the case, and that is exactly what the special message sought to call attention to.

If all the bonds and taxable securities of the State had been honestly returned there would never have been need for a three per cent, rate of taxation in Ohio—114 per cent, would have been more than ample to have afforded us the revenues we have enjoyed. The injuries of this "thrusting aside" process is that the farmers, manufacturers, merchants and other business men of the State who are doing something to develop our industries and add to our happiness sind wealth necessarily have their property in such shape that it can not be put into a tin box and "thrust aside" in the vaults of a bank or afferty deposit company, and consequently they pay taxes for themselves and their neghors also who can and do thus "thrust aside" in the vaults of a bank or afferty deposit company, and consequently they pay ta

tegrity of our tax duplicate and make it impossible for the State to meet her engagements.

The danger is one we can avoid if we will; and I think the danger too serious to warrant us in taking any risk about it. The real estate owners of the State can far better afford to have a revaluation now than run the risk of having their burdens, of taxat on almost doubled, as would be the necessary consequence of a decision of the courts that lands in Obio are appraised at only forty per cent, of their true value and that consequently no personal property should be valued in excess of that figure.

If such a revaluation can be had subject to a single State Boerd of Revision and Equalization, as was recommended, with power without limit to take from and add to as may be necessary to equalize county with county, and every species of property with every other, then there will be an end of the dangers that now threaten us from lack of uniformity, since the judgment of such a board, in the absence of fraud or mistake, would be final and conclusive in law, to establish full and uniform valuations, no matter how much it might differ from the judgment of other men. Very respectfully.

Presidential Count Bill.

-The usual number of new railroads are announced. When a Dakotian hasn't anything else to do he goes out in the woodshed and takes a shingle and maps out a proposed railroad with a piece of chalk.—Estelline (D. T.) Belt.

—The lettery must go. It makes no sort of difference whether the profit goes to a private pecket or not; the principle is wrong, and the public is fast learning not to make the distinctions in application.—Boston Record.

-A tailor in Albany testifies that in the hip pockets of three-fifths of his customers he finds hard, cold shooting-irons.—Albany Journal

SCHOOL AND CHURCH.

-President Holden, of the California State University, receives a salary of \$8,000—\$5,000 as president and \$3,000 as director of the Lick Observatory.

-The English Church Missionary lociety have arranged for simultaneous meetings for presenting the claims of foreign missions in 150 cities and towns

—A Presbyterian missionary on the west coast of Africa, a woman, is the only white Christian for some hundreds of miles, and has no means of travel but by a skiff up and down the river. She has the training of young men and women, not only in their education and Christian life, but in their every day pursuits; and she is de-clared to be most happy in her work.— Montreal Witness.

—There was irony as well as wit in what Sidney Smith said. On taking the parish at Foster he writes: "When I began to thump the cushion of my pul-pit, as is my wont when I preach, the accumulated dust of 150 years made such a cloud that for some minutes I lost sight of my congregation. -N. Y. Examiner.

-Just before the outbreak of the war Stonewall Jackson, then a professor in the Virginia Military Institute at Lexington, organized a Sunday-school for colored children, which is still sustained by leading citizens there. This Sunday school has now set on foot a subscrip-tion for a monument to Jackson, which is meeting with a lively response among the people, black and white, of the South.—Chicago Herald.

-In Germany, 69 per cent. know more languages, than one; in Austria, 61 per cent.; in England, 34 per cent.; in France, 29 per cent.; in Italy, 28 per cent.; in Russia, 23 per cent.; in Spain, 13 per cent. A classical education had been enjoyed in Germany by 32 per cent.; in England, 31 per cent.; in France, 20 per cent.; in Italy, 16 per cent.; in Austria, 13 per cent.; in Spain, per cent.; in Russia, 2 per cent.—

-A letter in the London Times, written from Tientsin, speaks of mis-sionaries as "the true pioneers of civilgone by when English missionaries are snubbed by their own authorities." He states that "a new wave of missionary interest is passing over China."
and he seems to appreciate the young
men of the English universities who
have recently gone out under the China nland Mission.

-Co-education, according to the Sanitarian, is conspicuously successful in Hampton Institute, where General Armstrong has 608 colored and Indian students, nearly half of them girls. The training is largely industrial, especially for the 139 Indian students, but a very large proportion of the gradustes become teachers among their own people. The fact that 200 applicants were turned away during the last school year because there was no room for them is a forcible appeal for money to erect more buildings.

PUNGENT PARAGRAPHS.

-Most of us lay up a good stock of patience, but we make the mistake of putting it where we can't find it just

-Never refuse advice. Of course

on have no use for it. Nobody ever has. But it is very handy to have, to give to somebody else.—Burdette. -Stopped in time.-Mistress-Why, —Stopped in time.—Mistress—Why, Delia, what in the world have you done? Delia—Shure, ma'am, the master said the gas was leaking, and I put up the pail to catch it.—Tid-Bits.

-The class in natural history being asked the difference between a dog and a tree, the head boy answered: "A tree is covered with bark while a dog seems to be lined with it."—N. Y. Ledger.

-Among the wants in the New York News is one for hands to cut boys' clothes. If the advertiser would only give the boys a pocket knife each, they furnish the hands. - Chicago would Ledger.

-A good imitation of celluloid is now being made from Irish potatoes. Nothing but the apparent indifference of science stands in the way of something indestructible being evolved from the modern beefsteak.—Norristown

-An exchange advertises: "Wanted a boy for bottling." This must be a new industry, and it's a wonder it wasn't thought of before. A good many boys ought to be bottled; it may be the only way to keep them from spoiling.— Detroit Free Press.

-"Going widing to-day, Awthaw?"
"Naw. Got to work." "So sowy,
deah boy. What is the -aw-blawsted
job, eh?" "Maw's witten me a lettaw and I've-aw-got to wead it befaw I can make anothaw dwaft on haw. Did you evaw heah of such a boah?" "Nevaw, deah boy, nevaw."—Town Topics.

—"Can you tell me what kind of weather we may expect next month?" wrote a farmer to the editor of his county paper. The editor replied: "It is my belief that the weather next month will be very like your subscrip-tion bill." The farmer wondered for an hour what the editor was driving at. when he happened to think of the word "unsettled." He sent a postal note. - Troy Times.

-Chances materially lessened .-"Mrs. Dusenberry!" "Well, my dear?"
"Where's the bureau?" "I had it taken to the fourth floor." "Why did you do that, my love? I've dropped my collar-button." "Well, why don't you hunt for it?" "Hunt for it! That's encouraging, isn't it, when you've removed the only place where there'd be any possibility of my finding it."—Philadelphia Call.

—A practical application of Scrip-ture.—Winnie's mother had been comb-ing the little girl's long and handsome but wind-tangled, romp-snarled hair. When the operation was finished—and it was not unaccompanied with several severe pulls—Winnie asked: "Did you get out many hairs, mamma?" "You dear," was the answer, quite a good many." "Then He'll have to number them all over again, won't He?"—Harper's Bazar.

Suicide an Accident.

Judge Dyer, of the United States District Court, in a suit to recover \$10,000 nsurance on the life of a man who committed suicide while insane, insured in the Accident Insurance Company of

in the Accident Insurance Company of North America against injuries effected by "external, accidental or violent means," suicide being especially excepted, decides against the company, holding that in this case the act of suicide was no more the man's act in the sense of the law than if he had been impelled by an irresistible physical power.—N. F. Post.

TRAVEL IN EUROPE.

Some of the Amusing Features of Bava-

There being no checking system in Europe, it strikes an American as a loose way of doing business to be shown into the baggage-room and told to pick out your trunk, with no questions asked, unless it was stored over night, in which case a fee of two cents is paid. Seventy-five pounds is the limit to free luggage. Pknow nothing about express rates, but found that a ship-trunk, with which I traveled from Paris to Munich, cost about half my own fare. In countries like Bayaria, where the Government owns the railways, the road-bed is kept in fine condition. A wire runs along the side of the track, a few inches above the ground, which notifies the station-keeper of an approaching train, whereupon he or his wife sallies out to let down the guards at the crossings in his section, and to stand in true military style with flag to the shoulder until the train has passed. The stations themselves are neat little brick affairs, with the diminutive garden-plot so dear to the German heart.
The watchful care shown in all direc-

tions for protecting life is exemplified in a law prohibiting walking upon a rail-way track, and also in making every one stand back from the edge of the platform a full meter when a train approaches or departs; whereas in this country a man considers it his high prerogative to sit on the platform and dangle his legs over the edge if he chooses. We had many a hearty laugh at the way they manage things down there in Bavaria. For instance, when it is time Bavaria. For instance, and as the furnaces, and at last pouring the steel into ingots took several hours to accomplish, it is hardly necessary to add that the forgotten beggar slept long, and, as it seemed, soundly, in the corner where he lay. It turned out afterward that the apparently sleeping beggar was a well-to-do iron maker living near by, and the fact that he soon began the erection of large trying to induce a lady to board the train. She carried a band-box and several bundles, and was surrounded by a bevy of ladies, to each of whom she gave some injunction, totally ignoring the conductor, who with outstretched hands circled around the group and implored her not to delay th As a train comes to a stand at a station one is amused to hear the conductor call out, "Aussteigen," literally "climb out."—George E. Hopkins, in The

Present. -"Ah, Farmer Robinson," said his fair city guest, "how quietly you live out here in the country. You are not disturbed by society quarrels, or politi-cal excitement, or labor troubles, but all is comfortable and pleasant." "Yes, miss, I s pose it looks so to you. But there's the hottest society quarrel over who's going to sing alto in the choir next year; an' the politics, Ben Johnson swears I shan't be selectman again; and as for labor troubles, my hired man struck yesterday because I wanted him to milk the cows before breakfast. O. we have our little seasons of enjoyment as well as you city folks.—Hartford Post.

-A story is told of a clergyman who met a member of his congregation who was given to drink. He said: "Now Jones, you know drink is your enemy; why not give it up?" "But, sir," said the man, "are we not told to love our enemies?" The clergyman was at first a little taken back by this form of argu-ment, which he had never heard before. A momentary pause, however, and he was equal to the occasion. "Jones," said he, "it is one thing to love your enemies, but quite another to swallow them!"—Christian Union.

hours, whereas five minutes' argument cents. would empty the house.'

THE MARKETS.

The second secon			
CINCINNATI	, A	pril	17.
No. 3 red. Corn.—No. 2. mixed	00 40 00 80 87 80 87 60 60 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80	\$3454 \$3454 \$3556 \$3566 \$3666	15050000000000000000000000000000000000
NEW YORK.			-
FLOUR-State and Western \$2 GRAIN - Wheat - No. 2 Chicago No. 2 red Corn - No. 2 mixed	100 42 28	6863888 6863888 6	91 9156 47 48
FLOUR-State and Western\$4 GRAIN-Wheat-No. 2 red No. 2 Chicago Spring.	33)	8888	76% 76% 36 28%
FLOUR-Family \$4 GRAIN-Wheat-No. 2. Corn-Mixed Oats-Mixed PROVISIONS-Pork-Mess. 10 Lard-Refined CATTLE-First quality. 5 HOGS. INDIANAPOLIS.	121	611 66 5	05 714
Wheat—No. 2 red		808	88 35 30 ¥
Flour—A No. 1	00	9986	50 88 3614 82

A CLEVER THEFT. How a Rival Manufacturer Learned an In-

A little more than 100 years ago the manufacture of steel may be said to have had a beginning in England. About that time there was living in Sheffield, Eng., a man by the name of Huntsman. He was a watch and clock maker, and he had so much trouble in getting a steel that would answer for his springs he determined to make some steel himself. He experimented for a long time in secret, and after many failures he hit upon a process that produced a superior quality of steel. The best steel to be obtained at that time was made by the Hindoos, and it cost in England about \$50,000 a ton; but Huntsman's steel could be had for \$500 a top. As he found a ready market for all the steel he could make, he deter-mined to keep his invention secret, and no one was allowed to enter his works except his workmen, and they were sworn to secrecy. But other iron and steel makers were de-termined to find out how he produced the quality of steel he made, and this is how they accomplished it at last: One dark and bitter-cold winter night a wretched-looking beggar knocked at the door of Huntsman's works and asked shelter from the storm that was raging without. The workmen, pitying the supposed beggar, gave him permis-sion to come in and find warmth and shelter near one of the furnaces. In a little while the drowsy beggar fell asleep, or at least seemed to do so, but beneath his torn and shabby hat half-shut eyes watched with eager intent every movement made by the men about that he soon began the erection of large steel works similar to Huntsman's was good evidence that he was a poor sleeper but a good watcher.—Chicago

Hindoo Craftsmen's Feet.

The supple, delicate fingers of the craftsmen are as remarkable as those of the Japanese, although their bands are much larger; but one thing must very forcibly strike the visitor who watches these clever workmen, and who observes the primitiveness of their appliances-the sad fact that the march of civilization has deprived us western nations of the use of our toes. To be able to use four hands instead of two in art work must obviously be an enormous advantage, and the long, prehensile toe of the Hindoo craftsmen is even more remarkable than that of his Japanese brother. To see the ivory-worker turn-ing his lath with his upper hands, while he guides it and holds the ivory in his lower ones, is quite an education in pos-sibilities of development of what to us are really almost rudimentary organsdaily, in fact, becoming more so under the operation of the fashionable bootmaker. - Interior.

-As a result of the establishment of the Niagara Falls Park the commissioners report four times as many visit-ors in the last half of 1885 as at any previous time, that summer visitors stayed longer, the back-driver nuisance is abated, and the scenery has already been greatly improved and will be still more.—Buffalo Express.

For eight years Col. D. J. Williamson, Quarter-Master, U. S. A. and ex-V. S. Con-sul at Callao, was crippled with rheuma---"Assertion is not argument," said the practical man. "No," replied the public speaker, "but people like it much better, and will listen to it for Red Star Cough Cure cured his family. 25

When are skipping lambs like library rolumes! When they are boundin' sheep. -N. Y. Ledger.

To eradicate dandruff, and keep the scalp moist and clean, use Hall's Hair Renewer. The lives of many children have been saved by the timely use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

If you desire to take an extended pleasure trip, get a bicycle and go to Wheeling.

—Norristown Herald.



7 75 6 8 60 Purify Your Blood

Tour blood may be full of impurities, but Hood's Sarasparilla will thoroughly cleanae, carich and vitalize it. The most severe cases of scrofula, sait rheum, botia, pimples—in fact, all affections arising from impure blood—yield to Hood's Sarasparilla, the great blood purifier. It also cures dyspepsia, billiousness, sick headache, kidney and liver complaints, sharpens the appetite and builds up the whole system.

Henry Biggs, Campbell Street, Kansas City, had scrotulous seres all over his body for 15 years. Hood's Sarasparilla completely cured him.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

is the best spring medicine and blood purifier. It smallcates every impurity from the blood, and cures scordula, naits rheam, bolis, pimples, all humors, dyspepsis, billousacea, cick headache, indigestion, general debility, estern, rheamatism, kidney and livercomplaints. It overcomes that extreme tired feeling, creates an appetite, and builds up the whole protects.

"I was troubled with bolls, having several of them at a time. After suffering about all I could bear, I took Hood's flarsaparilla, which entirely cured me. I cheerfully recommend Hood's flarsaparilla to all like afflicted, being sure they will find permanent relief." E. N. KIGHTINGALE, Quincy, Mass.

Wallace Buck, of North Bloomfeld, N. Y., suffered elseen years with a terrible various along on his less. eleven years with a terrible variouse ulce so had that he had to give up business. tirely cured of the ulcer, and also of Hood's Sarasparilla.

Purifies the Blood

"When I bought Hood's Sarsaparilla I made a good investment of one dollar in medicine for the first time. It has driven off rheumatism and improved my appetite so much that my boarding mistress asya I must keep it locked up or she will be obliged to faise my board with every other boarder that takes Hood's Sarsaparille." Thomas Burnnill. Street, Brooklya, N. T.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

100 Doses One Dollar

Young Men, Read This.

Tong Men, Read This.

The Voltaic Belt Co., of Marshall, Mich., offer to send their celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belt and other Electric Appliances on trial for 30 days, to men (young or old) afflicted with nervous debility, loss of vitality and all kindred troubles. Also for rheumatism, neuralgia, paralysis, and many other diseases. Complete restoration to health, vigor, and manbood guaranteed. No risk incurred, as 30 days' trial is allowed. Write them at once for illustrated pamphictpiree.

SINGERS are the only people who wish to hold a note for a long time.—Chicago Tele-

Notwithstanding the great number who yearly succumb to this terrible and fatal disease, which is daily winding its fatal coils around thousands who are unconscious of its deadly presence, Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" will cleanse and purify the blood of scrofulous impurities, and cure tubercular consumption (which is only scrofulous disease of the lungs). Send 10 cents in stamps and get Dr. Pierce's complete treatise on consumption and kindred affections, with numerous testimonials of cures. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

Boston finds her glory in the past, be cause she belongs to the "had beans."—Washington Critic.

will fill the heart of every suffering woman if she will only persist in the use of Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription." It will cure the most exeruciating periodical pains, and relieve you of all irregularities and give healthy action. It will positively cure internal inflammation and ulceration, misplacement and all kindred disorders. Price reduced to one dollar. By druggists. "A Perfect Flood of Sunshine"

"What is your name, little girl!" "Minnie." "Minnie what!" "Minnie don't, mamma calls me."—N. T. Independent.

Being entirely vegetable, no particular care is required while using Dr. Pierce's "Pleasant Purgative Pellets." They operate without disturbance to the constitution, diet, or occupation. For sick headache, constipation, impure blood, dizziness, sour eructations from the stomach, bad taste in mouth, bilious attac.s, pain in region of kidneys, internal fever, bloated feeling about stomach, rush of blood to head, take Dr. Pierce's "Pellets." By druggists.

There is one thing which can not be "slow and sure," and that is a watch.—
Burlington Free Press.

PIEC'S TOOTHACHE DROPS cure in 1 minute, 25c

PIRE'S TOOTHACHE DROPS cure in 1 minute, 25c Glenn's Sulphur Soap seals and beautifies. 25c. GERMAN CORN REMOVER Risis Corns a Bunions.

Isn't an attempt to prove an alibi self-denial!—V. Y. Journal. BEST, easiest to use and cheapest. Piso's Remedy for Catarrh. By druggists. 50c.

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Combining IRON with PURE VEGETABLE TONICS, quickly and completely CLEANSES and ENRICHES THE BLOOD, Quickens the action of the Liver and Kidneys. Clears the the action of the Liver and Eldneys. Clears the complexion, makes the skin smooth. It does not injure the teeth, cause headache, or produce con-stipation—ALL OTHER IRON MEDICINES DO. sicians and Druggists overywhere re

Physicians and Druggists everywhere recommend it,
MR. J. A., GEREN, 21 S., Grubb St., Columbus,
Ohio, says: "I have been troubled with humor in
my blood for the last seven years. I could get nothing to relieve me until I used Brown's Iron Sitters,
which has benefited me greatly."
MR. J. W. HOLLAND, Sandusky, Ohio, says: "I
have used Brown's Iron Bitters as a blood purifier
with good results, and cheerfully recommend it."
MR. CHAS, W. BLACKMUR, 67 Mentor Ave., Cleveand, Ohio, says: "I used Brown's Iron Bitters for
my blood. It removed the blotoies from my face and
neck and has completely cured me.
MESS ENMA HARTMAN, Allentown, Pa., says:
"My blood was very thin and watery, and I became
weak and languid. After using four bottles of
Brown's Iron Bitters I am entirely restored to
leatth and strength, and cheerfully recommend it.

Genuine has above Trade Mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by RROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

CREAM BALM CATARRH Cleanses the Head. Allays rary in fia m mation. Heals the Sores. Restores the Senses of Taste, Smell, Hearing.

A Quick Relief. A Positive Cure. HAY-FEVER A particle is applied into each nostril; is agreeable to use. Frice 50 cents by mall or at Druggists. Send for circular. ELY BROTHERS, Druggists, Owego, N. Y.

Satisfactory Evidence J. W. Graham, wholesale druggist, of Austin, Tex., writes: "I have been handling Dn. Wz. HALL's

Balsan For the Lunes for the past year, and have found it one of the most salable medicines I have ever had in my house for coughs, colds and consump-tion, always giving satisfaction.

FRENCH DECORATIVE ART DESIGNS.

DR. DAVID "FAVORITE REMEDY." SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
KENNEDY'S \$1 per Bottle; 6 for \$5.00.

LYST OF DISEASES ALWAYS CURABLE BY USING MEXICAN MUSTANG

LINIMENT. OF HUMAN PLEASE. OF ANIMALS.

Rhoumatism, Burns and Scalds, Stings and Bites, Cuts and Brulace, Sprains & Stis tif Joints, Backache.

Seres and Galle, Spavin, Cracks Screw Worm, Grab, Foot Rot, Hoof All, Swinny, Founders Spraine, Straine, Sere Feet, Stiffees,

und all external dise for general use in family, stable and stock yard, it is THE BEST OF ALL

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CURES AND PREVENTS

Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Influenza, In-flammations, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Headache, Toethache, Asthma, Difficult Breathing.

CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one to twenty ningtes. NOT ONE HOUR arter reading this adver-RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

Bruises Pains in the Back, Chest or Limbs, It was the Plack, the to ONLY PAIN REMEDY That instantly stops the most exeruciating pains, slays inflammation, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stonnach, Bowels, or other ginants or organs by one application.

A haif to a teaspoonful in half a tumble: of water will in a few minutes cure Cramps, Spasma, Sour Stonnach, Hearthurn, Kercomenace, Siegeleasness, sick Headache, Diar mess, By-centery, Colle, Flatuescy and all internal pains.

Malaria in its Various Forms. There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure Fever and Ague and all other Maissions, Billions and other fevers, alled by RAB WAY'S FILLS so quick as RABWAY'S REABY RELIEF. Pitty cents per bottle. Sold by dengists. Dr. RADWAY'S SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT

For the cure of all Scrofulous, Skin and Blood Dis-DR. RADWAY'S PILLS, For the cure of all disorders of the Stomach Bowels, etc. 25 cents a box. Sold by Druggie

tirely harmiess. Bemove all symptoms of dropsy in cight to twenty days.

Cure patients pronounced hopeless by the best of physicians.

From the first dose the symptoms rapidly disappear, and in ten days at least two-thirds of all symptoms are removed.

Remember, it does not cost you anything to realize the merits of our treatment for yourself. In ten days the difficulty of breathing is reflexed, the pulse regular, the urinary organs made to discharge their full duty, sleep fa restored, the swelling all or nearly gone, the strength increased, and appetite made good. We are constantly curing cases of long standing, cases that have been tappe, a number of times, and the patient declared unable to live a week. Give full history of case. Name sex, how long affleted, how badly swollen and where, are bowels costive, have less bursted and dripped water. Sent for free pamphlet, containing testimential, questions, etc.

Ten days' treatment furnished free by mail.

Epilepsy (Ray positively cured.

If you order that well 45 cents is samps to pay lotting. If the same and the past the same sex. Atmanta, despections, etc.

The Red School House Shoe. IF you wish to pur-chase a shoe for your Boy or Girl that will stand the wear and tear of every-day usage, that is made of honest leather throughout, and on common sease found on the bottom of each pair. (None

or each pair. (None continue without it.)

EFF Ask also for the HENDERSON \$2.50

WOMAN'S GOAT BUTTON,

Stitched with Silk and every way solid. Made only by

C. M. HENDERSON & CO-of Boots and Shoes Chicago.

Write for a Set of Our Fancy School Cards.

Scrotula of Lungs.

I am now 49 years old, and have suffered for the last afteen years with a lung trouble. I have spent thou, ands of dollars to arrest the march of this disease; but temporary relief was all that I obtained. I was unfit for any manual labor for several years. A friend strongly recommended the use of Swift's Specific (S. S. S.), claiming that he himself had been greatly benefited by its use in some lung troubles. I resolved to try it. The results are remarkable. My cough has left me, my strength has returned, and I weigh skixly pounds more than I ever did in my life. It has been inree years since I stopped the use of the medicina, but I have had no return of the disease, and there are no pains or weakness felt in my lungs. I do the hardest kind of work.

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